

18.747: Problem set 3; due Thursday, September 26

Problem 1. Let $\phi : M_\lambda \rightarrow M_\mu$ be a nonzero homomorphism of Verma modules over a \mathbb{Z} -graded Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} (with abelian \mathfrak{g}_0). Show that ϕ is injective.

Problem 2. A quantum field is a formal series $A(z) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} A_n z^{-n-1}$, where A_n are operators in some vector space, or more generally elements of some noncommutative algebra. Let $A_+(z) = \sum_{n < 0} A_n z^{-n-1}$ be the Taylor part, and $A_-(z) = A(z) - A_+(z)$. For two quantum fields A, B , the normal ordered product $: A(z)B(w) :$ is defined by the formula

$$: A(z)B(w) := A_+(z)B(w) + B(w)A_-(z).$$

Consider the quantum fields $a(z) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} a_n z^{-n-1}$ for the Heisenberg algebra \mathcal{A} and $T(z) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} L_n z^{-n-2}$ for the Virasoro algebra Vir .

(i) Compute the difference $a(z)a(w) - : a(z)a(w) :$ on the Fock representation F_μ (sum the power series you get and express as a rational function in z, w . In fact, this function should depend only on $z - w$).

(ii) Regard the Fock representation F_μ as a module over $\text{Vir} \times \mathcal{A}$. In this module, compute $T(z)a(w) - : T(z)a(w) :$ as a linear combination of $a(w)$ and its derivatives with coefficients being rational functions of z, w (in fact, of $z - w$).

(iii) Let V be a highest weight Virasoro module with central charge c . Compute $T(z)T(w) - : T(z)T(w) :$ on V as a linear combination of $T(w)$ and its derivatives with coefficients being rational functions of z, w plus a rational function of z, w (in fact, these will be functions of $z - w$).